

## Friction

## Friction

- **FRICION:** The force that opposes motion
- **( $F_{FS}$ ) Static Friction:** the force you need to overcome to set an object into motion
- **( $F_{FK}$ ) Kinetic Friction:** the force you need to overcome to keep an object in motion
- It is always harder to start an object than to keep it moving

$$F_{FS} > F_{FK}$$

$$F_{FS} = F_N * \mu_s \quad (F_N = \text{Normal Force})$$

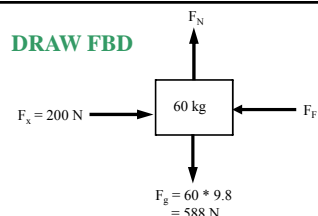
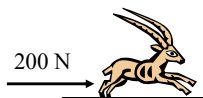
$$(\mu_s = \text{coefficient of static friction})$$

$$F_{FK} = F_N * \mu_k \quad (F_N = \text{Normal Force})$$

$$(\mu_k = \text{coefficient of kinetic friction})$$

## Sample

You push horizontally on a 60 kg gazelle as shown in the picture. If  $\mu_s = 0.08$  and  $\mu_k = 0.05$  how far will the gazelle travel in 4.0 seconds if it starts from rest?



**WRITE NET FORCE EQUATIONS FOR BOTH X AND Y DIRECTIONS**

$$\Sigma F_x : F_x - F_f = ma_x$$

$$200 \text{ N} - F_f = 60 \text{ kg } a_x$$

$$\Sigma F_y : F_N - F_g = ma_y$$

$$F_N - 588 \text{ N} = 60 (0)$$

$$F_N = 588 \text{ N}$$

### DETERMINE IF THE OBJECT WILL MOVE

(is  $F_x > F_{FS}$ )

$$F_x = 200 \text{ N} \quad F_{FS} = F_N * \mu_s$$

$$F_{FS} = 588 \text{ N} (0.08) = 47.04 \text{ N}$$

$$200 \text{ N} > 47.04 \text{ N}$$

**It will move!**

**USE  $\Sigma F_x$  TO SOLVE FOR  $a_x$  AND THEN USE A KINEMATIC AS NEEDED**

$$200 \text{ N} - F_{FK} = 60 \text{ kg } a_x$$

$$200 \text{ N} - 588 \text{ N} (0.05) = 60 \text{ kg } a_x$$

$$a_x = 2.84 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$v_i = 0 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\Delta x = v_i t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2$$

$$a = 2.84 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$\Delta x = (0 \text{ m/s})t + \frac{1}{2} (2.84 \text{ m/s}^2)(4.0 \text{ s})^2$$

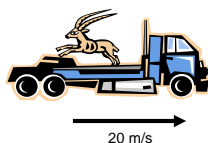
$$t = 4.0 \text{ sec}$$

$$\Delta x = ?$$

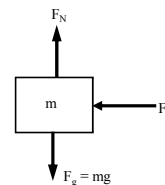
$$\Delta x = 22.75 \text{ m}$$

### Sample

The truck is moving at 20 m/s to the right. The coefficient of static friction between the truck and the gazelle is 0.5. What is the shortest time it will take the truck stop without the gazelle sliding into the cab of the truck?



### DRAW FBD (of the gazelle)



### WRITE NET FORCE EQUATIONS FOR BOTH X AND Y DIRECTIONS

$$\Sigma F_x : -F_{fk} = ma_x$$

$$\Sigma F_y : F_N - F_g = ma_y$$

$$F_N - mg = 60 (0)$$

$$F_N = mg$$

$$F_{FK} = F_N \mu_k = mg \mu_k$$

~~$$-mg \mu_k = m a_x$$~~

$$-9.8 \text{ m/s}^2 (0.5) = a_x$$

$$a_x = -4.9 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$v_i = 20 \text{ m/s}$$

$$v_f = v_i + at$$

$$a = -4.9 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$0 \text{ m/s} = 20 \text{ m/s} + (-4.9 \text{ m/s}^2)t$$

$$v_f = 0 \text{ m/s}$$

$$t = 4.08 \text{ s}$$

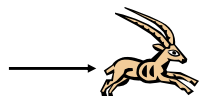
$$t = ?$$

### Solving Force Problems

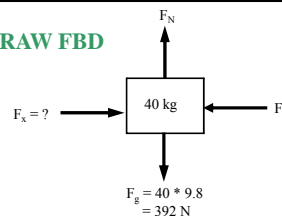
1. Resolve the vectors.
2. Draw Free Body Diagrams (FBD).
3. Write the net force equations.
4. Plug in numbers and solve for normal force  $F_N$ .
5. Determine if the object will move. Is the force applied greater than the static frictional force ( $F_x > F_{fs}$ )?
6. Use  $F_x$  and kinetic frictional force ( $F_{fk}$ ) to solve for  $a_x$ .
7. Use a kinematic equation as needed.

### Practice

You push horizontally on a 40 kg gazelle as shown in the picture. What is the normal force? How much force is needed to start the gazelle moving ( $\mu_s = 0.189$  and  $\mu_k = 0.085$ )?



### DRAW FBD



### WRITE NET FORCE EQUATIONS FOR BOTH X AND Y DIRECTIONS

$$\Sigma F_x : F_x - F_{Fs} = ma_x$$

$$F_x - F_{Fs} = 40 \text{ kg} (0 \text{ m/s}^2)$$

$$\Sigma F_y : F_N - F_g = ma_y$$

$$F_N - 392 \text{ N} = 40 \text{ kg} (0 \text{ m/s}^2)$$

$$F_N = 392 \text{ N}$$

**Solve for static friction force**

$$F_{Fs} = F_N * \mu_s$$

$$F_{Fs} = 392 \text{ N} (0.189)$$

$$F_{Fs} = 74 \text{ N}$$

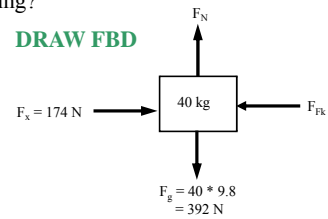
**Solve for the force needed to start the gazelle moving**

$$F_x - F_{Fs} = 40\text{kg}(0 \text{ m/s}^2)$$

$$F_x = F_{Fs}$$

$$F_x = 74 \text{ N}$$

What would the acceleration of the gazelle be if you applied 100 N of force more than was needed to start it moving?

**WRITE NET FORCE EQUATIONS FOR BOTH X AND Y DIRECTIONS**

$$\Sigma F_x : F_x - F_{Fk} = ma_x$$

$$\Sigma F_y : F_N - F_g = ma_y$$

$$F_N - 392 \text{ N} = 40\text{kg}(0 \text{ m/s}^2)$$

$$F_N = 392 \text{ N}$$

**SOLVE FOR KINETIC FRICTION FORCE**

$$F_{Fk} = F_N \mu_k$$

$$F_{Fk} = (392 \text{ N})(0.085)$$

$$F_{Fk} = 33.32 \text{ N}$$

**SUBSTITUTE IN THE  $\Sigma F_x$  AND SOLVE FOR ACCELERATION**

$$\Sigma F_x : F_x - F_{Fk} = ma_x$$

$$174 \text{ N} - 33.32 \text{ N} = (40\text{kg})a$$

$$140.68 \text{ N} = (40\text{kg})a$$

$$3.52 \text{ m/s}^2 = a$$